

Inducing Infringement of Copyrights Act.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. SEC. 2. INTENTIONAL INDUCEMENT OF COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT. 1
108th CONGRESS
2d Session
S. 2560
To amend chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code, relating to inducement of copyright infringement, and for other purposes.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
June 22, 2004
Mr. HATCH (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. FRIST, Mr. DASCHLE, Mr. GRAHAM of South Carolina, and Mrs. BOXER) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary
A BILL

To amend chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code, relating to inducement of copyright infringement, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. →

This Act may be cited as the 'Inducing Infringement of Copyrights Act of 2004'.

SEC. 2. INTENTIONAL INDUCEMENT OF COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT.

Section 501 of title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

g.

In this subsection, the term `intentionally induces' means intentionally aids, abets, induces, or procures, and intent may be shown by acts from which a reasonable person would find intent to induce infringement based upon all





relevant information about such acts then reasonably available to the actor, including whether the activity relies on infringement for its commercial viability.

- Whoever intentionally induces any violation identified in subsection (a) shall be liable as an infringer.
- 3. Nothing in this subsection shall enlarge or diminish the doctrines of vicarious and contributory liability for copyright infringement or require any court to unjustly withhold or impose any secondary liability for copyright infringement.'.